

Countable and uncountable guess the place

Work in pairs. Choose one place each to describe, e.g. the areas where you live. Take turns making a positive statement about your own place like those below and hearing the other person's statement about the same thing. Each time decide which one sounds better when you look at that aspect, and give a point to that person each time. If you agree that they are more or less the same, you both get one point. The person with most points when your teacher stops the game wins.

Us	Useful language for playing the game		
I th	nink that my place sounds better.		
I th	nink that your place sounds better.		
I th	nink that they sound about the same.		
Ιag	gree		
Re	ally? I think		

Scoring tables

Place A	Place B

Place A	Place B

Place A	Place B

Ask about any words on the worksheet that you don't understand, working together to make true sentences with that word each time.

Do the grammar exercises.

Play the same game about different places, e.g. two cities that you both know.

Play the same game, but this time doing the opposite – talking about negative things and getting one point if you both agree that your place is worse in that way.



Countable and uncountable nouns for describing places

There is	ntable nouns for description	affordable housing
	quite a lot of	construction
	some	foreign food
	a little/ not much	fun
	no	grass/ greenery
		history
		light
		nice food
		noise
		pollution
		public transport
		sky
		traffic
		water
		wildlife/ nature
		wind
There are	a lot of/ many	bicycle lane(s)
Thoro are	quite a lot of	bird(s)/ crow(s)/ sparrow(s)/ pigeon(s)
	some	café(s)
	a few/ not many	cat(s)
	a couple of	cicada(s)
	two	convenience store(s)
	one or two	discount shop(s)
	no	DIY shop(s)
There is	one/ a/ an	doctor's clinic(s)
11101010	One, a, an	dog(s)
		family/ families
		foreign person/ foreign people
		good school(s)
		highway(s)
		interesting shop(s)
		mosquito(s)
		new building(s)
		nursery school(s)
		park(s)
		rail line(s)
		supermarket(s)
		tall building(s)
		tasty restaurant(s)
		tree(s)
		university/ universities
		view(s)



Countable and uncountable nouns grammar presentation

From memory or your grammar knowledge, cross off the "-s" from the (mixed) words below which shouldn't take it.

- affordable housings
- bicycle lanes
- birds
- buildings
- cafés
- cats
- cicadas
- convenience stores
- crows
- dogs
- families
- foreign people
- funs
- good schools
- grasses
- greenerys
- highways
- histories
- mosquitos
- natures
- nice foods
- nursery schools
- parks
- pigeons
- pollutions
- public transports
- rail lines
- shops
- skies
- sparrows
- supermarkets
- tasty restaurants
- traffics
- trees
- universities
- waters
- wild animals
- wildlifes
- winds

Hint: 13 can't take "-s"

Look at the table on the next to page to start checking your answers, the first time with your pens down and trying to memorise any you missed.

Check with the table on the next page. Why can't those words take "-s"?



affordable housing
construction
foreign food
fun
grass/ greenery
history
light
nature
nice food
noise
pollution
public transport
sky
traffic
water
wind
bicycle lane(s)
bird(s)/ crow(s)/ sparrow(s)/ pigeon(s)
café(s)
cat(s)
cicada(s)
convenience store(s)
discount shop(s)
DIY shop(s)
doctor's clinic(s)
dog(s)
family/ families
foreign person/ foreign people
good school(s)
highway(s)
interesting shop(s)
mosquito(s)
new building(s)
nursery school(s)
park(s)
pigeon(s)
rail line(s)
sparrow(s)
supermarket(s)
tall building(s)
tasty restaurant(s)
tree(s)
university/ universities
view(s)
wild animal(s)



Which group of words above are called "countable" and which group of words are called "uncountable"?

Which group of words goes with "There is..." and which group of words goes with "There are..."? Write those expressions in the correct boxes above. (One of those goes in two different places in the table).

Which of those groups of words go with each of the expressions below? Write them in the correct boxes above. Some go in more than one place.

- a
- a couple of
- a few/ not many
- a little/ not much
- a lot of
- an
- many
- no
- one
- one or two
- quite a lot of
- some
- two

Hint: Three need to go in two different places.

Put those words into the correct order, with the biggest amount/ number top each time.

Check with the first worksheet.